

German idioms barron s idioms PDF

Understanding German Idioms Barron?s Idioms: A Comprehensive Guide

German idioms Barron?s idioms serve as an essential resource for language enthusiasts, students, and professionals aiming to master the nuances of German expressions. These idioms are more than mere phrases; they encapsulate cultural values, historical contexts, and everyday life in Germany. Whether you're learning German for travel, business, or personal enrichment, understanding idiomatic expressions is crucial for achieving fluency and communicating naturally with native speakers.

What Are German Idioms Barron?s Idioms?

Definition and Significance

German idioms Barron?s idioms refer to a curated collection of idiomatic expressions compiled by Barron?s, a renowned publisher known for its educational resources. These idioms are specifically tailored to help learners understand colloquial language, idiomatic nuances, and cultural references within the German language.

Idioms are phrases whose meanings cannot be deduced solely from the literal definitions of their words. They are vital for understanding native speech and for expressing ideas more vividly and accurately.

The Role of Barron?s in Language Learning

Barron?s has established itself as a trusted name among language learners worldwide. Their idiom collections provide:

- Clear explanations of idiomatic expressions
- Cultural insights behind each phrase
- Pronunciation guides
- Contextual examples for practical usage

Popular German Idioms and Their Meanings

Common German Idioms and Their English Equivalentents

Here is a list of some frequently used German idioms featured in Barron's collections, along with their meanings and English counterparts:

- **Da liegt der Hund begraben** ? That's where the dog is buried

Meaning: The core issue or the real problem.

- **Jemandem die Daumen drücken** ? To press someone's thumbs

Meaning: To keep fingers crossed for someone.

- **Ich verstehe nur Bahnhof** ? I only understand train station

Meaning: I don't understand anything.

- **Den Nagel auf den Kopf treffen** ? To hit the nail on the head

Meaning: To state something exactly right.

- **Der Apfel fällt nicht weit vom Stamm** ? The apple doesn't fall far from the tree

Meaning: Children often resemble their parents.

Additional Notable Idioms

Other idioms that frequently appear in Barron's collections include:

- **Mit dem Kopf durch die Wand** ? With your head through the wall

Meaning: To be stubborn or persistent.

- **Alles in Butter** ? Everything in butter

Meaning: Everything is fine or smooth.

- **Tomaten auf den Augen haben** ? To have tomatoes on the eyes

Meaning: To be oblivious to obvious things.

- **Ins kalte Wasser springen** ? Jump into cold water

Meaning: To take a plunge into something new or challenging without preparation.

How Barron's Idioms Help in Learning German

Enhancing Vocabulary and Cultural Awareness

Studying Barron's German idioms enables learners to expand their vocabulary with idiomatic expressions that are frequently used in daily conversations. Understanding these idioms also provides cultural insights, revealing the values, humor, and social norms prevalent in German-speaking communities.

Improving Listening and Speaking Skills

Familiarity with idiomatic expressions allows learners to better comprehend native speakers and participate more confidently in conversations. Recognizing idioms during listening exercises or media consumption enhances overall comprehension and fluency.

Supporting Reading and Writing Proficiency

Using idioms appropriately in writing adds authenticity and color to language. Barron's collections offer examples that help learners incorporate idiomatic expressions seamlessly into essays, reports, and dialogues.

Strategies for Mastering German Idioms Barron's Idioms

1. Contextual Learning

- Read German texts, dialogues, and media that include idioms.
- Pay attention to the context to understand the idiom's nuance.

2. Practice and Repetition

- Use flashcards to memorize idioms and their meanings.
- Practice incorporating idioms into your speech and writing.

3. Cultural Immersion

- Watch German movies, listen to music, or follow podcasts that feature idiomatic expressions.
- Engage with native speakers to see idioms used naturally.

4. Use Barron's Resources Effectively

- Study idioms alongside pronunciation guides.

- Review cultural notes and example sentences provided in Barron's collections.
- Test yourself with exercises and quizzes included in the books.

Tips for Incorporating Idioms into Your German Usage

Be Authentic

Use idioms appropriately and naturally, avoiding overuse or misapplication. Context is key to sounding authentic.

Understand the Nuance

Some idioms may have equivalents in English, but their connotations and usage might differ. Always consider the context and tone.

Practice Regularly

Consistent practice helps cement idioms in your active vocabulary, making your speech more lively and native-like.

Resources for Learning German Idioms Barron's Idioms

Recommended Barron's Publications

- **Barron's German Idioms Dictionary** ? An extensive collection of idioms with explanations.
- **Barron's German Phrasebook and Dictionary** ? Contains idiomatic expressions suitable for travelers and beginners.
- **Online Resources and Apps** ? Barron's offers digital tools, flashcards, and apps for on-the-go learning.

Additional Learning Tools

- Language exchange partners or tutors familiar with Barron's idiom collections.
- German language courses emphasizing idiomatic expressions.
- Interactive quizzes and exercises available online.

Conclusion: Mastering German Idioms with Barron's Collections

In summary, **German idioms Barron's idioms** are an invaluable resource for anyone striving to

attain fluency and cultural competence in German. They bridge the gap between formal language and colloquial speech, enabling learners to communicate more naturally and understand the cultural context behind everyday expressions. By incorporating Barron's idiom collections into your study routine, practicing regularly, and immersing yourself in German media, you can significantly accelerate your language proficiency and gain a deeper appreciation for German culture.

Remember, mastering idioms is not only about expanding your vocabulary but also about gaining insight into the mindset and humor of the German people. With dedication and the right resources, you'll soon find yourself using idiomatic expressions with confidence and ease.

German idioms Barron's idioms are a fascinating window into the cultural and linguistic nuances of the German language. As with many languages, idioms serve as colorful expressions that encapsulate shared wisdom, humor, and societal values. Barron's, a well-respected publisher of language learning resources, has compiled extensive collections of idioms to help learners and enthusiasts deepen their understanding of German. In this guide, we will explore the significance of idioms in German, analyze some key idioms from Barron's collection, and provide practical tips for mastering their use in conversation and writing.

Understanding German Idioms and Barron's Collection

What Are German Idioms?

German idioms are phrases whose meanings are not deducible from the literal words. They often reflect historical references, cultural practices, or societal norms unique to German-speaking regions. For example, the idiom "Da liegt der Hund begraben" (literally "that's where the dog is buried") means "that's the crux of the matter." Such expressions add color and authenticity to language, enabling speakers to communicate more vividly.

The Role of Barron's in Documenting German Idioms

Barron's is renowned for its comprehensive language guides, including idiom dictionaries that compile hundreds of idiomatic expressions. Their collections serve as invaluable resources for learners aiming to sound more natural and culturally aware. Barron's idioms often include:

- Definitions and explanations
- Usage contexts
- Equivalent idioms in English
- Examples in sentences

This structured approach helps learners grasp both the literal and figurative meanings, as well as appropriate contexts for usage.

Why Are German Idioms Important?

Cultural Insight

Idioms reveal the values, humor, and worldview of German-speaking communities. For example, the idiom "Jemandem den schwarzen Peter zuschieben" (literally "to pass the black Peter to someone") means "to shift the blame." Its origins relate to a card game and reflect social dynamics.

Language Fluency

Using idioms correctly can elevate your language skills, making speech and writing sound more natural and native-like. It also demonstrates cultural competence, which is highly valued in professional and social contexts.

Communication Efficiency

Idioms condense complex ideas into succinct expressions, making conversations more engaging and expressive.

Exploring Key Barron's German Idioms

Let's delve into some notable idioms from Barron's collection, their meanings, origins, and example usages.

- "Den Nagel auf den Kopf treffen"

- Literal translation: "To hit the nail on the head"

- Meaning: To be precise or accurate

- Usage: Used when someone has correctly identified or described something.

Example:

„Deine Analyse des Problems ist perfekt. Du hast den Nagel auf den Kopf getroffen.“

- "Ins kalte Wasser springen"

- Literal translation: "To jump into cold water"

- Meaning: To jump into a challenging situation without preparation
- Usage: Often used when starting something new or difficult.

Example:

?Ich wusste kaum etwas über das Projekt, aber ich bin ins kalte Wasser gesprungen.?

- "Die Kirche im Dorf lassen"

- Literal translation: "To leave the church in the village"
- Meaning: To not overdo things; keep things in perspective
- Usage: Advising moderation.

Example:

?Du musst nicht gleich alles perfekt machen. Die Kirche im Dorf lassen.?

- "Jemandem den Kopf verdrehen"

- Literal translation: "To twist someone's head"
- Meaning: To charm or fascinate someone
- Usage: Describes romantic or infatuation feelings.

Example:

?Sie hat ihn mit ihrem Lächeln total den Kopf verdreht.?

- "Um den heißen Brei herumreden"

- Literal translation: "To talk around the hot porridge"
- Meaning: To avoid addressing the main issue
- Usage: When someone is evasive.

Example:

Stell keine Fragen, rede nicht um den heißen Brei herum.

Practical Tips for Mastering German Idioms

- Context is Key

Always learn idioms within their cultural and situational context. Use example sentences from Barron's or authentic sources to understand when and how to use them appropriately.

- Practice in Conversation

Incorporate idioms into your speech gradually. Practice with native speakers or language partners. This helps with pronunciation, intonation, and natural usage.

- Read Extensively

Read German newspapers, books, and watch movies or series. Pay attention to idiomatic expressions and note their context.

- Create Personal Flashcards

Make flashcards for idioms, including their meanings, origins, and example sentences. Review regularly to reinforce memory.

- Understand the Origins

Learning the stories or historical background behind idioms makes them easier to remember and appreciate. Barron's often provides explanations that help deepen your understanding.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

Misusing Idioms

Solution: Always verify idiom meanings and typical contexts before using them. Consulting Barron's or native speakers can prevent errors.

Overusing Idioms

Solution: Use idioms sparingly and naturally. Overuse can seem forced or cliché.

Translating Idioms Literally

Solution: Memorize idioms as complete units, not word-by-word translations. Focus on their figurative meaning.

Conclusion: Embracing German Idioms with Barron's Resources

German idioms Barron's idioms collection is an essential tool for anyone seeking to deepen their understanding of the language and culture. By studying these expressions, learners can add authenticity to their speech, better understand native speakers, and gain insights into German society. Remember, mastering idioms is a gradual process that requires patience, practice, and curiosity. Use Barron's collections as a guide, and soon, idiomatic German will become a natural part of your linguistic repertoire.

Final Thoughts

Incorporating idioms into your German language journey transforms learning from mere vocabulary memorization into cultural exploration. Barron's idiom collections serve as a bridge connecting language to history, humor, and societal norms. Embrace these expressions, and you'll find yourself speaking with more confidence, authenticity, and flair. Happy learning!

Question What is the significance of 'Barron's Idioms' in learning German expressions? **Answer** Barron's Idioms provides comprehensive insights into common German idioms, helping learners understand cultural nuances and improve their fluency in everyday conversations. How can I effectively use 'Barron's Idioms' to master German idioms? You can study the idioms along with their explanations and examples in Barron's book, practice using them in context, and incorporate them into your speaking and writing to enhance retention. Are the German idioms in Barron's book suitable for all proficiency levels? Yes, Barron's Idioms covers a range of idioms suitable for beginners to advanced learners, with explanations tailored to different levels of language proficiency. What are some trending German idioms featured in Barron's Idioms that are popular in current culture? Some trending idioms include 'den Nagel auf den Kopf treffen' (to hit the nail on the head) and 'etwas aus dem Ärmel schütteln' (to do something effortlessly), which are frequently used in contemporary conversations. How does Barron's Idioms help in understanding the cultural context of German idioms? The book provides background stories, usage examples, and explanations that reveal the cultural origins and significance behind each idiom, enriching learners' cultural understanding. Can Barron's Idioms be used as a reference for translating German idioms into English? Yes, it serves as a valuable resource for understanding idiomatic expressions and

finding appropriate English equivalents, aiding accurate translation and interpretation. Are there digital resources or apps that complement Barron's Idioms for learning German idioms? Yes, several language learning apps and online platforms offer interactive exercises and quizzes based on Barron's idioms, helping reinforce your learning through digital practice.

Related keywords: German idioms, Barron's idioms, idiomatic expressions, German language, language learning, idiom meanings, German culture, Barron's language guides, idiom examples, German sayings

idioms when and how to teach them

Idioms When and How to Teach Them: A Comprehensive Guide for Educators

Language learners often find idioms to be one of the most challenging yet enriching aspects of mastering a new language. These expressive phrases add cultural depth, nuance, and color to communication, making conversations more vivid and authentic. However, knowing when and how to teach idioms effectively is crucial for educators aiming to enhance their students' language skills. Properly introducing idioms can boost vocabulary, comprehension, and cultural awareness, but improper timing or methods may lead to confusion or frustration. This article provides a detailed overview of the best practices for teaching idioms, including optimal timing, effective strategies, and practical tips to make idioms a memorable part of your language curriculum.

Understanding the Importance of Teaching Idioms

Why Are Idioms Important in Language Learning?

- **Cultural Insight:** Idioms often reflect the history, traditions, and values of a language community.
- **Enhanced Comprehension:** Recognizing idiomatic expressions helps learners understand native speakers more naturally.
- **Expressive Power:** Idioms allow learners to communicate more creatively and fluently.
- **Contextual Learning:** They help students grasp language in context, aiding retention and usage.

Challenges in Teaching Idioms

- Many idioms are culturally specific and may not translate directly.
- Students often interpret idioms literally, leading to misunderstandings.
- Timing and context are critical; teaching idioms too early or without proper context can hinder understanding.

When to Teach Idioms: Timing Is Key

Assessing Student Readiness

Before introducing idioms, ensure students have a solid grasp of basic vocabulary and grammatical structures. They should be comfortable with literal meanings and simple idiomatic expressions.

Ideal Stages for Introducing Idioms

- **Intermediate Level:** When students have a good foundation of vocabulary and some familiarity with spoken language.
- **After Basic Conversational Skills:** Once they can hold simple conversations, introduce idioms to enrich their speech.
- **Contextually Relevant Moments:** When students encounter idioms in reading or listening materials, use these as teaching opportunities.
- **Cultural Modules or Topics:** During lessons focusing on culture, history, or idiomatic expressions specific to the language community.

Signs That Students Are Ready

- They understand and use common expressions in conversations.
- They recognize idioms in authentic materials like movies, songs, or texts.
- They show curiosity about idiomatic expressions and cultural references.

How to Effectively Teach Idioms: Strategies and Techniques

1. Introduce Idioms with Context

- Use authentic materials such as dialogues, stories, or videos that contain idioms.
- Provide cultural background and the origin stories behind idioms when possible.
- Example: When teaching 'break the ice,' tell a story or show a scene where people are literally breaking ice to start a boat journey, then relate it to social situations.

2. Use Visual Aids and Gestures

- Incorporate pictures, cartoons, or gestures to illustrate idioms.
- Visual cues help students associate the phrase with its meaning, especially for visual learners.

3. Teach Idioms in Thematic Groups

- Group idioms by themes, such as emotions, weather, body parts, or animals.
- This helps students see patterns and makes memorization easier.
- Example groups: "Feeling under the weather," "Having a cold shoulder," "Burn the midnight oil."

4. Incorporate Interactive Activities

- Matching Exercises: Match idioms with their meanings or pictures.
- Role Plays: Use idioms in dialogues or skits to practice contextual usage.
- Guess the Idiom: Students guess the meaning from a story or picture.
- Idiom Quizzes: Regular quizzes reinforce learning and retention.

5. Focus on Usage and Context

- Teach students how to use idioms appropriately in speech and writing.
- Emphasize collocations and common phrases, e.g., "hit the nail on the head," rather than isolated words.

6. Reinforce with Repetition and Recycling

- Revisit idioms regularly across lessons.
- Encourage students to use idioms in their own sentences, essays, or conversations.

7. Use Authentic and Modern Materials

- Incorporate idioms from contemporary sources such as movies, TV shows, podcasts, and social media.
- This makes idioms more relevant and relatable.

Practical Tips for Teaching Idioms Successfully

Start Small and Gradually Increase Complexity

Begin with common, simple idioms that are widely used and easily understood. As students become confident, introduce more complex or idiomatic expressions.

Emphasize Cultural Context

Discuss the cultural background and usage contexts to prevent misinterpretation. Explain idioms that are specific to certain regions or communities.

Encourage Student Engagement

Create opportunities for students to share idioms from their own culture or language, fostering curiosity and cross-cultural understanding.

Provide Clear Definitions and Examples

Always accompany idioms with clear explanations and example sentences. Avoid relying solely on translation.

Utilize Technology and Multimedia

Use apps, videos, and online resources dedicated to idioms to diversify your teaching methods and appeal to different learning styles.

Common Mistakes to Avoid When Teaching Idioms

- Overloading students with too many idioms at once; focus on a few at a time.
- Teaching idioms without context, leading to confusion or misapplication.
- Ignoring cultural nuances that influence idiomatic usage.
- Focusing solely on memorization rather than understanding and usage.

Conclusion: Making Idioms a Natural Part of Language Mastery

Teaching idioms when and how to do so is a nuanced process that requires careful planning, cultural awareness, and engaging methods. Timing your instruction appropriately?typically at the intermediate level or once students are comfortable with basic language skills?ensures they are receptive and can integrate idioms effectively. Using context-rich explanations, visual aids, thematic

grouping, and interactive activities makes idioms memorable and meaningful. Remember to emphasize cultural background and appropriate usage to prevent misunderstandings. By gradually introducing idioms and reinforcing their usage through diverse activities, educators can help learners unlock the expressive richness of a language and communicate with greater fluency and authenticity.

Ultimately, teaching idioms is not just about expanding vocabulary; it's about immersing students in the cultural fabric of the language. When introduced thoughtfully, idioms become a bridge to more natural, confident, and culturally aware communication. Start small, be patient, and make learning idioms an enjoyable journey?your students will thank you for it!

Idioms when and how to teach them: Unlocking the Secrets of Effective Idiom Instruction

Teaching idioms is an essential yet often challenging aspect of language education. Idioms enrich language, making communication more colorful, expressive, and culturally relevant. However, their figurative nature can pose hurdles for learners, especially those new to a language. Understanding when and how to teach idioms effectively can significantly enhance learners' lexical repertoire and cultural understanding. This article explores the optimal timing, methods, and strategies for teaching idioms, highlighting best practices, common pitfalls, and practical tips to maximize learner engagement and retention.

Understanding the Importance of Teaching Idioms

Idioms are more than just phrases; they encapsulate cultural nuances, historical references, and social norms. When taught appropriately, they:

- Enhance language fluency and authenticity
- Improve listening comprehension
- Foster cultural awareness
- Enable learners to participate more naturally in conversations
- Add variety and expressiveness to language use

Despite these benefits, idioms can be tricky because their meanings are often not deducible from individual words. Therefore, careful planning on when and how to introduce them is crucial.

When to Teach Idioms

Timing plays a vital role in effective idiom instruction. Introducing idioms too early or too late can impact learning outcomes.

Early Stages of Language Learning

Pros:

- Builds cultural awareness from the outset
- Provides learners with tools to understand colloquial speech
- Can motivate learners with interesting and vivid language

Cons:

- Learners may lack sufficient vocabulary to grasp idiomatic expressions
- Risk of confusion if idioms are introduced before foundational language skills
- Difficult for beginners to recognize idioms from literal translations

Recommendations:

- Introduce basic idioms that are transparent and similar to learners' native language
- Focus on high-frequency, contextually simple idioms
- Use idioms as part of thematic vocabulary (e.g., food, weather)

Intermediate and Advanced Stages

Pros:

- Learners have a stronger vocabulary base
- Easier to understand figurative meanings
- Can explore idioms for cultural insights and humor

Cons:

- Possible overexposure leading to confusion
- Learners might become overly reliant on memorization rather than understanding

Recommendations:

- Introduce idioms with clear cultural contexts
- Use authentic materials (films, literature, conversations)
- Encourage learners to analyze idioms in context

Optimal Timing Strategies

- Align idiom teaching with thematic units or communicative goals
- Integrate idioms gradually after learners acquire essential vocabulary
- Use idioms as reinforcement tools rather than initial teaching content
- Introduce idioms during real-life communication practice to enhance relevance

How to Teach Idioms Effectively

Effective idiom instruction combines various methods, activities, and contextualized learning.

Explicit Instruction

Providing learners with direct explanations about idioms? meanings, origins, and usage can demystify them.

Features:

- Definition and literal vs. figurative meaning
- Etymology or cultural background when relevant
- Common contexts and collocations

Advantages:

- Clarifies confusion immediately
- Builds a solid understanding foundation

Limitations:

- May lead to rote memorization without contextual reinforcement

Contextualized Teaching

Using authentic contexts makes idioms more meaningful.

Strategies:

- Incorporate idioms into dialogues, stories, or videos
- Present idioms within scenarios that reflect real-life situations
- Use role-plays to practice idiom usage

Benefits:

- Enhances retention through meaningful associations
- Demonstrates appropriate usage and register

Visual and Multimedia Aids

Visuals, images, and multimedia resources can make idioms more memorable.

- Illustrative pictures depicting idiomatic meanings
- Short video clips or movie scenes featuring idioms
- Infographics outlining idiom origins and usage tips

Pros:

- Engages multiple senses
- Aids visual learners
- Provides cultural context effortlessly

Cons:

- May require extra preparation and resources

Interactive Activities

Engagement is key to mastering idioms.

Examples:

- Matching games (idiom to meaning)
- Fill-in-the-blank exercises
- Idiom-based storytelling or role-play
- Group discussions incorporating idioms

Advantages:

- Promotes active learning
- Encourages collaborative use and experimentation

Repetition and Recycling

Repeated exposure helps internalize idioms.

- Use idioms across different lessons and contexts
- Encourage learners to create sentences or stories with idioms
- Incorporate idioms into writing and speaking assignments

Features and Considerations in Teaching Idioms

When designing idiom lessons, educators should consider the following features:

- Frequency of use: Focus on idioms that are common and relevant
- Cultural relevance: Select idioms that resonate with learners' cultural backgrounds
- Transparency: Prefer idioms with transparent or logically inferable meanings for beginners
- Collocations and grammatical patterns: Teach idioms along with their typical grammatical structures
- Variation in teaching methods: Combine explicit, contextual, visual, and interactive approaches

Common Challenges and How to Address Them

While teaching idioms is rewarding, it presents challenges:

- Literal translation pitfalls: Learners might interpret idioms literally, leading to misunderstandings.

Solution: Emphasize figurative meanings and provide clear examples.

- Memory overload: Introducing too many idioms at once can overwhelm students.

Solution: Focus on a manageable number of idioms, reinforcing through practice.

- Cultural gaps: Some idioms are culture-specific and may not translate well.

Solution: Offer cultural explanations and relate idioms to learners' experiences.

- Context dependency: Without contextual clues, idioms can be confusing.

Solution: Always present idioms within meaningful contexts.

Practical Tips for Teachers

- Start with idioms that are relevant to learners' interests and daily lives.
- Use authentic materials to expose learners to idioms in natural settings.
- Encourage learners to keep idiom journals or flashcards.
- Use technology: apps, online games, and quizzes for reinforcement.
- Celebrate learner successes when they correctly use idioms in speaking or writing.
- Foster a classroom environment where making mistakes is part of learning.

Conclusion

Teaching idioms when and how to do so can significantly influence language acquisition and cultural understanding. The key lies in timing lessons appropriately, starting with simple, transparent idioms and progressing to more complex, culture-rich expressions. Employing a variety of methods, from explicit instruction to contextualized activities and multimedia aids, ensures that learners not only memorize idioms but also understand and use them effectively. By addressing common challenges with thoughtful strategies, educators can make idiom learning a rewarding experience that enriches learners' language skills and cultural competence. Embracing a systematic, engaging, and learner-centered approach will empower students to incorporate idioms naturally into their language repertoire, making their communication more vivid, authentic, and culturally nuanced.

Question What are effective methods to introduce idioms to language learners? Using contextual stories, visual aids, and real-life examples helps learners understand idioms in meaningful situations, making them easier to remember and use. How can teachers incorporate idioms into everyday lessons? Incorporate idioms through engaging activities like role-plays, matching exercises, and idiom-based discussions to reinforce their meaning and usage naturally.

When is the best time to teach idioms in language learning? Introduce idioms once learners have a solid grasp of basic vocabulary and grammar, typically at intermediate levels, to ensure they can understand and use idioms contextually. What are some practical tips for teaching idioms to reluctant learners? Use humorous or culturally relevant idioms, relate them to students' interests, and incorporate multimedia resources to make idioms engaging and relatable. How can technology enhance the teaching of idioms? Interactive apps, online games, and multimedia videos provide immersive and dynamic ways to explore idioms, making learning more engaging and accessible.

Related keywords: idioms teaching strategies, idiom classroom activities, effective idiom instruction, idiom vocabulary development, teaching idioms to children, idiom comprehension techniques, idiom examples for lessons, integrating idioms in curriculum, idiom teaching resources, idiom learning methods

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