Default metric revit 2014 Study Guide

default metric revit 2014 is a term often encountered by architects, engineers, and construction professionals working with Autodesk Revit 2014 in regions where the metric system is standard. Revit, as a Building Information Modeling (BIM) software, provides a robust environment for designing, documenting, and analyzing building projects. Understanding the default settings, especially the metric system in Revit 2014, is essential for ensuring precision, consistency, and efficiency in project workflows. This article explores the intricacies of the default metric configuration in Revit 2014, its implications, and how users can optimize their setup for successful project execution.

Understanding Revit 2014 and Its Default Settings

Overview of Revit 2014

Revit 2014, released by Autodesk, is a comprehensive BIM platform used for designing architectural structures, MEP systems, and structural engineering components. It integrates tools for modeling, documentation, and collaboration, enabling multidisciplinary teams to work cohesively on complex projects.

Key features include:

- Parametric modeling capabilities
- Collaborative work environment
- Extensive library of components and families
- Compatibility with other Autodesk products

Default Units in Revit 2014

Revit allows users to specify units for different disciplines, such as length, area, volume, and angles. The default unit settings are typically configured based on the country or regional standards during installation or project setup.

In regions like Europe, Asia, Africa, and others where the metric system is prevalent, Revit usually defaults to metric units, but it is important to verify and customize these settings to match project requirements.

Default Metric Settings in Revit 2014

Initial Configuration During Project Setup

When starting a new project, Revit prompts users to select the unit system. The options include:

- Architectural (imperial)
- Structural (imperial)
- Mechanical (imperial)
- Electrical (imperial)
- Metric

Choosing the metric option sets the default units for length, area, volume, and other measurements to metric standards such as meters (m), centimeters (cm), and millimeters (mm).

Default Metric Units and Their Implications

In Revit 2014, when the metric system is selected:

- Lengths are by default in millimeters, but can be changed to meters or centimeters.
- Areas are displayed in square meters (m^2) or square centimeters (cm^2).
- Volumes are in cubic meters (m^3) or liters.
- Angles are measured in degrees by default.

Understanding these defaults is critical because:

- It influences how you input data.
- It affects calculations and annotations.
- It determines the displayed units in views and schedules.

Customizing Metric Units in Revit 2014

Modifying Project Units

Revit provides flexibility to customize units beyond the default setup via the Project Units dialog:

- Navigate to the Manage tab.
- Click on Project Units.
- Select the parameter you want to modify, such as Length, Area, or Volume.

- Choose the desired unit type (e.g., meters, centimeters, millimeters).
- Adjust the precision, display format, and unit symbol as needed.

This customization allows for consistency across the project and adherence to regional or client standards.

Setting Default Templates for Metric Projects

To streamline workflows, users often create or modify template files (.rte) with pre-configured metric settings:

- Set the desired units.
- Load common families and standards.
- Save as a template for future projects.

Using templates ensures that all new projects automatically inherit the correct metric defaults, reducing manual adjustments.

Working with Families and Components in Metric Mode

Metric Families and Their Specifications

Families in Revit are reusable components. When working in metric projects:

- Ensure families are created or loaded with metric dimensions.
- Check the family parameters to confirm units are consistent.
- Use metric-based family templates to maintain accuracy.

Converting Imperial Families to Metric

Sometimes, users need to convert existing imperial families:

- Use Revit's parameter tools to scale or adjust dimensions.
- Recreate families using metric templates.
- Be cautious of units within nested families to avoid inconsistencies.

Common Challenges with Default Metric Revit 2014 Setup

Unit Conversion Errors

One of the typical issues faced is incorrect conversions:

- Inputting values in imperial units when the project is set to metric.
- Misinterpretation of displayed units, leading to sizing errors.

To prevent these:

- Always verify the current unit settings.
- Use the Project Units dialog to standardize units.

Display and Annotation Discrepancies

Annotations such as tags, dimensions, and schedules may display differently if units are not correctly configured:

- Double-check unit formats in annotation styles.
- Adjust the formatting to match project standards.

Compatibility with External Software

Exported files or linked models might have different unit standards:

- Confirm unit compatibility before import/export.
- Use Revit's coordinate and unit conversion tools to align models.

Best Practices for Managing Metric Defaults in Revit 2014

Establish Clear Standards

Create and distribute project standards that specify:

- Default units
- Annotation styles
- Family standards

Leverage Templates Effectively

Develop templates with pre-set metric units to:

- Save time
- Ensure consistency
- Minimize errors

Regularly Verify Unit Settings

Periodically check project and family units, especially after importing external models or collaborating with other teams.

Training and Documentation

Provide team training on:

- Revit?s unit management
- Best practices for metric workflows
- Troubleshooting common unit issues

Conclusion

Understanding and effectively managing the default metric settings in Revit 2014 is fundamental for delivering precise, compliant, and coordinated building models. From initial project setup to detailed family creation and annotations, the correct configuration of units ensures clarity and reduces errors. While Revit 2014 offers flexible tools for customizing units, establishing clear standards and templates helps streamline workflows and maintain consistency across projects. By mastering these aspects, professionals can leverage Revit 2014's full potential in metric environments, leading to more efficient and accurate project delivery.

Additional Resources

- Autodesk Revit 2014 User Guide
- Revit Help Documentation on Units and Project Standards
- Online forums and communities for Revit users
- Tutorials on creating and managing templates with metric standards

Default Metric Revit 2014: An In-Depth Analysis of Standard Measurement Settings and Their Implications

Revit 2014, a pioneering Building Information Modeling (BIM) software developed by Autodesk, has played a significant role in transforming architectural, engineering, and construction workflows. Among its many features, the default metric settings stand out as a foundational element that influences project accuracy, interoperability, and user experience. Understanding the default metric configuration in Revit 2014 is crucial for professionals aiming to optimize their design processes, ensure precision, and facilitate seamless collaboration across disciplines. This article provides a comprehensive review of the default metric setup, exploring its technical underpinnings, practical implications, and tips for effective utilization.

Understanding the Default Metric Setup in Revit 2014

Revit 2014?s default measurement system is designed to cater primarily to projects requiring metric units, which are widely used internationally and preferred in many engineering and architectural contexts. When a new project is initiated with the metric template, Revit automatically configures its internal units, dimension styles, and annotation settings to conform to metric standards.

Default Units and Measurement Precision

At the core of Revit's metric configuration is the assignment of measurement units, which determine how lengths, areas, volumes, and other quantities are represented. In Revit 2014, the default metric units typically include:

- Length: Millimeters (mm)
- Area: Square meters (m^2)
- Volume: Cubic meters (m^3)
- Angles: Degrees (°)

Measurement Precision:

Revit?s default precision settings influence how measurements are rounded or displayed. For example, lengths may be shown with a precision of 0.0 mm or 0.00 mm, depending on the template and project settings. These default choices are intended to balance clarity with the level of detail necessary for typical design work.

Implications:

- Using millimeters enhances precision, especially for detailed architectural components.
- Default unit choices impact interoperability with other software, such as structural analysis or MEP tools, which may have different unit expectations.

Default Templates and Their Role in Metric Configuration

Revit 2014 offers several templates, such as Architectural, Structural, and MEP, each pre-configured with default metric units aligned with industry standards. These templates serve as starting points, ensuring consistency across projects.

Features of Metric Templates

- Predefined Unit Settings: Automatically set to metric units, reducing initial setup time.
- Default Annotation Styles: Text, dimensions, tags, and labels are formatted to metric conventions.
- Standard Level and Grid Heights: Typically set to metric measurements, such as 3000 mm for typical floor-to-floor height.

Advantages of Using Templates:

- Ensures uniformity in measurements and annotations.
- Minimizes user error during project setup.
- Facilitates team collaboration by adhering to standard measurement conventions.

Customization Options:

While templates provide a starting point, users can modify units and styles to suit specific project requirements, which is critical for accommodating regional measurement standards or client preferences.

Revit 2014?s Measurement System Settings and Customization

Although Revit 2014 defaults to metric units in certain templates, users retain the flexibility to adjust measurement settings according to project needs.

Accessing and Modifying Units

- Project Units Dialog: Located under the Manage tab, this dialog allows users to view and modify

units for different categories such as length, area, and volume.
- Custom Unit Formats: Users can choose from various formats, including decimal, fraction, or engineering notation, and set precision levels.

Key Considerations:

- Changing units mid-project can affect existing dimensions and annotations, so it should be done cautiously.
- Consistency is vital; it is recommended to finalize unit settings early in the project lifecycle.

Implications of Customization

- Interoperability: Adjusting units may be necessary to match client standards or coordinate with external consultants.
- Data Accuracy: Proper unit configuration ensures measurements are accurately represented and interpreted.
- Automation and Schedules: Revit schedules and tags depend on correct units; misconfiguration can lead to miscommunication.

Impact of Default Metric Settings on Design and Collaboration

The default metric setup influences various aspects of the BIM workflow, from initial modeling to detailed documentation and interdisciplinary coordination.

Design Precision and Detail

- The use of millimeters as the default length unit allows for precise modeling, essential in detailed architectural components like millwork, fixtures, and structural elements.
- Default measurement precision affects how detailed annotations and dimensions appear, which can influence clarity and readability in construction documents.

Interoperability with Other Software

- Many engineering disciplines and analysis tools prefer metric units; thus, Revit?s default metric settings facilitate smoother data exchange via formats like IFC, DWG, or RVT.
- However, differences in unit standards across software can still pose challenges, requiring careful management of unit conversions.

Team Collaboration and Client Communication

- Consistent metric standards help ensure all team members and stakeholders interpret measurements uniformly.
- When sharing models internationally, understanding the default units prevents misinterpretation of dimensions and quantities.

Challenges and Limitations of the Default Metric System in Revit 2014

While the default metric configuration provides many benefits, it is not without its challenges and limitations.

Potential for User Error

- Default units may not match regional or project-specific standards, leading to confusion if not properly adjusted.
- Misunderstanding default precision settings can cause discrepancies in measurements, especially in detailed design phases.

Rigid Defaults and Flexibility

- Revit?s default settings may be too rigid for some workflows, necessitating manual customization.
- Changing units after initial modeling can lead to inconsistencies, requiring cleanup or recalibration.

Limitations in Customization in Revit 2014

- Compared to newer versions, Revit 2014's unit management interface is less intuitive, making extensive customization more cumbersome.
- Limited options for regional standards or non-standard units without external plugins or workarounds.

Best Practices for Managing Default Metric Settings in Revit 2014

To maximize the benefits of Revit 2014?s default metric setup, professionals should adopt best practices:

- Define Standards Early: Set project units and annotation styles at the project outset to prevent inconsistencies.
- Leverage Templates: Use or create customized templates that reflect project-specific measurement standards.
- Regularly Review Units: Periodically verify unit settings, especially before generating documentation or exporting data.
- Train Team Members: Ensure all team members understand how units are managed within Revit to prevent errors.
- Document Unit Standards: Maintain clear documentation of measurement standards used across the project for reference and quality control.

Conclusion: The Significance of Default Metric Settings in Revit 2014

Revit 2014?s default metric configuration plays a vital role in shaping project workflows, ensuring measurement accuracy, and fostering effective collaboration. While it provides a solid foundation tailored for metric-based projects, its effectiveness depends on proper understanding and management by users. Recognizing its features, limitations, and customization options empowers professionals to leverage the software?s full potential, resulting in precise, consistent, and interoperable building models. As BIM technology continues to evolve, foundational settings like the default metric system remain central to achieving high-quality architectural and engineering outcomes, emphasizing the importance of strategic setup and diligent management in Revit projects.

QuestionAnswer What is the default metric used in Revit 2014 for measurements? Revit 2014 defaults to the metric system based on the project units settings, typically using millimeters or meters depending on the project setup. How can I change the default measurement units in Revit 2014? You can change the default units by going to the 'Manage' tab, selecting 'Project Units,' and then customizing the units for different categories to your preferred metric system. Is the default metric in Revit 2014 customizable? Yes, Revit 2014 allows users to customize measurement units for individual categories via the 'Project Units' dialog, enabling the use of metric units tailored to project requirements. What are the common default metric units used in Revit 2014? The most common default metric units in Revit 2014 are millimeters (mm) for detailed measurements and meters (m) for larger-scale dimensions, depending on the project settings. Does Revit 2014 support multiple metric standards simultaneously? Revit 2014 supports setting different units for each category but does not support switching between multiple metric standards within the same project; you need to set units per category individually. How do I verify the current default metric units in Revit 2014? You can verify the current default units by opening the 'Manage' tab, clicking 'Project Units,' and reviewing the unit settings for each category. Can I set a default metric template in Revit 2014? Yes, you can create a project template with the desired metric units and use it as a default for new projects to maintain consistent measurement standards. Are there any common issues with default metric settings in Revit 2014? Common issues include inconsistent units across categories

or incorrect unit display due to project template settings; these can be resolved by adjusting 'Project Units' manually. How do I switch from imperial to metric units in an existing Revit 2014 project? Go to 'Manage' > 'Project Units,' then change the units for relevant categories from imperial to metric, and click 'OK' to apply the changes. Is there a way to reset all measurement units to default metric in Revit 2014? You can reset units by deleting or resetting the 'Project Units' settings and then reconfiguring them to your preferred metric standards, or by starting from a new project template with metric defaults.

Related keywords: Revit 2014, default settings, project metric units, Revit units setup, default measurement Revit, Revit 2014 units, project standards Revit, default template Revit, metric template Revit, Revit 2014 configuration

Unisphere remote default password

unisphere remote default password is a common query among IT professionals and system administrators who work with Dell EMC's storage solutions. Whether you're setting up a new Unisphere environment, performing maintenance, or troubleshooting access issues, understanding the default password settings and best security practices is vital. This article provides a comprehensive overview of Unisphere remote default passwords, how to change them, security implications, and best practices to ensure your storage environment remains secure.

Understanding Unisphere and Its Default Passwords

What is Unisphere?

Unisphere is a management platform developed by Dell EMC for monitoring and managing storage arrays, particularly EMC Unity systems. It offers a user-friendly web interface that simplifies administration tasks such as configuration, monitoring, and troubleshooting. Unisphere can be accessed locally or remotely, allowing administrators to manage storage environments from anywhere with proper credentials.

Default Passwords in Unisphere

When deploying a new EMC Unity system or installing Unisphere, the platform typically comes with default login credentials. These default passwords are set to facilitate initial setup but pose security risks if left unchanged.

Common default credentials include:

- Username: admin
- Password: Password1 (or sometimes 'password', 'admin', or blank depending on the model and firmware version)

Important note: Default passwords are insecure and should be changed immediately after initial setup to prevent unauthorized access.

Unisphere Remote Default Password: Key Points

Why Is the Default Password Important?

The default password is crucial because:

- It allows initial access for setup and configuration.
- If not changed, it presents a security vulnerability, exposing the storage system to potential malicious access.
- Many security best practices recommend changing default credentials immediately upon deployment.

Common Issues Related to Default Passwords

- Unauthorized access due to unchanged default credentials.
- Security breaches leading to data loss or corruption.
- Compliance violations if default passwords are left active in sensitive environments.

How to Access Unisphere Remotely Using Default Passwords

Prerequisites for Remote Access

Before attempting remote login, ensure:

- Network configuration allows access to the Unisphere management IP address.
- Proper user permissions are assigned.
- The default password has not been changed during initial setup.

Steps to Log in Remotely

- Open a web browser on your remote machine.
- Enter the Unisphere management IP address in the address bar.
- When prompted, enter the default username and password:

- Username: admin
- Password: Password1 (or your specific default password)

- Access the dashboard and perform necessary tasks.

Security Tip: Always verify the connection is secure (use HTTPS) and consider using VPNs or secure tunnels when accessing remotely.

Changing the Default Password in Unisphere

Why Change the Default Password?

- To prevent unauthorized access.
- To comply with security policies.
- To protect sensitive data stored on the storage array.

Steps to Change the Password

- Log in to Unisphere with current credentials.
- Navigate to the User Settings or Account Management section.
- Select your user account (e.g., admin).
- Enter a strong, unique new password.
- Save changes and log out.
- Test the new credentials to confirm the change.

Best Practices for Passwords:

- Use a combination of uppercase, lowercase, numbers, and special characters.
- Avoid common words or easily guessable information.
- Consider using a password manager.

Security Best Practices for Unisphere Remote Access

1. Change Default Passwords Immediately

Default credentials are well-known and pose significant security risks. Always change them during initial setup.

2. Use Strong, Unique Passwords

Generate complex passwords that are difficult to guess or crack.

3. Enable Secure Connections

- Use HTTPS to encrypt web traffic.
- Implement VPNs for remote access to add an extra layer of security.

4. Limit Access Rights

- Assign the minimum necessary permissions.
- Use role-based access controls.

5. Regularly Update Firmware and Software

Keep your Unisphere and storage arrays updated with the latest security patches.

6. Monitor Access Logs

Regularly review login activities for suspicious behavior.

7. Implement Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)

Where supported, enable 2FA to add an additional layer of security.

Troubleshooting Common Issues with Unisphere Default Passwords

Unable to Log In with Default Credentials

- Verify that the system hasn't had its credentials changed during setup.
- Confirm that you're using the correct default password for your firmware version.
- Reset the admin password if you have access to the system console.

Resetting the Password

If you cannot log in due to forgotten or changed passwords, follow these steps:

- Access the storage system's management console.
- Use the reset password option if available.
- Contact Dell EMC support if necessary for further assistance.

Note: Resetting passwords may require physical access or console access and could impact system uptime.

Conclusion

Managing the **unisphere remote default password** responsibly is essential for maintaining the security and integrity of your storage environment. Always remember that default credentials are a temporary convenience meant solely for initial setup. Once your system is operational, promptly change passwords, enforce strong security policies, and regularly review access controls. By following best practices and staying vigilant, you can safeguard your Dell EMC Unity storage systems from unauthorized access and potential security threats.

Additional Resources

- Dell EMC Unisphere User Guide
- Dell EMC Security Best Practices
- Dell EMC Support Portal
- Firmware and Software Updates for EMC Unity Systems

Stay proactive about your storage security?never leave default passwords active longer than necessary.

Unisphere Remote Default Password is a critical topic in the realm of data storage security and management. As organizations increasingly rely on Dell EMC's Unisphere for managing their storage arrays, understanding the implications of default credentials, especially remote default passwords, becomes vital for maintaining a secure environment. This article provides an in-depth review of the concept, its risks, best practices for management, and how to mitigate potential vulnerabilities associated with default passwords in Unisphere remote access.

Understanding Unisphere and Its Remote Access Capabilities

What is Unisphere?

Unisphere is Dell EMC?s user-friendly, web-based management platform designed for managing Dell EMC storage arrays such as EMC VMAX, VNX, Unity, and PowerMax. It offers a centralized interface to monitor, configure, and optimize storage resources, providing administrators with real-time analytics, provisioning tools, and health checks.

Remote Access Features

Unisphere enables remote management through HTTPS web interfaces, APIs, and client tools. These features facilitate administrators to manage storage infrastructure from various locations without physically accessing the storage hardware. Remote access enhances flexibility, operational efficiency, and rapid response to issues; however, it also introduces security considerations that must be carefully managed.

The Role of Default Passwords in Unisphere

Default Credentials in Storage Management Systems

Default passwords are pre-configured credentials set by manufacturers for initial access to administrative interfaces. They are meant to simplify setup and initial configuration but pose significant security risks if not changed after deployment.

Default Passwords for Unisphere

Typically, Unisphere installations come with default usernames and passwords such as:

- Username: root or admin
- Password: unmanaged or password

Depending on the version and configuration, these may vary. Dell EMC provides default credentials during the initial setup, but these are intended to be changed immediately to prevent unauthorized access.

Security Risks Associated with Default and Remote Passwords

Potential Threats from Default Passwords

Using default passwords, especially over remote interfaces, exposes storage arrays to numerous security risks:

- Unauthorized Access: Hackers or malicious actors can exploit default credentials to gain access.
- Data Breach: Once inside, attackers can manipulate, steal, or delete sensitive data.
- Lateral Movement: Compromising storage management can serve as a pivot point to attack other network components.
- Service Disruption: Malicious actors might disrupt storage services, leading to data unavailability.

Why Default Passwords Are a Common Attack Vector

Many cyber attacks leverage known default credentials because they are widely documented and often overlooked during security audits. Automated scanning tools can rapidly identify systems with default passwords, making them an easy target.

Risks Specific to Remote Access

Remote access via unsecured or default credentials amplifies risk because:

- Attackers from outside the network can attempt brute-force or credential stuffing attacks.
- Inadequate network segmentation allows malicious actors to access storage management interfaces remotely.
- Default passwords stored or transmitted insecurely increase the likelihood of interception.

Best Practices for Managing Unisphere Passwords

Immediate Post-Installation Actions

- Change Default Passwords: As soon as the system is deployed, replace default credentials with strong, unique passwords.
- Disable Default Accounts: If default accounts are not necessary, disable or delete them.

Implementing Strong Password Policies

- Use complex passwords combining uppercase, lowercase, numbers, and special characters.
- Enforce regular password changes.
- Avoid using easily guessed passwords like ?password? or ?admin.?

Securing Remote Access

- Enable HTTPS: Always use encrypted connections for remote management.
- Use VPNs or secure tunnels for remote access instead of exposing management interfaces directly to the internet.
- Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) where possible.
- Restrict access to specific IP addresses or networks via firewalls and access control lists.

Regular Audits and Monitoring

- Conduct periodic security audits to verify password policies and access controls.
- Monitor access logs for suspicious activity.
- Set up alerts for multiple failed login attempts.

Steps to Change Default Passwords in Unisphere

Using the Web Interface

- Log into the Unisphere management console with current credentials.
- Navigate to the user management section.
- Select the default administrator account.
- Enter a new, strong password.
- Save changes and verify access with the new credentials.

Using CLI or API

For automated or scripted environments, administrators can employ CLI commands or APIs to update passwords securely, following Dell EMC best practices.

Mitigating Risks of Default Passwords in Deployment

Pre-Deployment Checklist

- Verify default credentials are changed before deployment.
- Disable or delete unnecessary default accounts.
- Ensure remote management interfaces are secured with encryption and access controls.
- Update firmware and software to the latest security patches.

Ongoing Security Maintenance

- Schedule regular password updates.
- Conduct vulnerability assessments and penetration testing.
- Educate staff about security best practices regarding storage management systems.

Features and Tools Supporting Secure Management

- Role-Based Access Control (RBAC): Limits user permissions based on roles, reducing the risk of privilege escalation.
- Audit Logging: Tracks user activities, providing accountability and forensic analysis.
- Secure Protocols: Support for HTTPS, SSH, and API security features.
- Automated Security Policies: Integration with enterprise security tools to enforce password complexity, expiration, and account lockout policies.

Pros and Cons of Default Password Management in Unisphere

Pros:

- Simplifies initial setup and configuration.
- Provides quick access during deployment.
- Facilitates automated provisioning when default credentials are used temporarily.

Cons:

- Presents significant security vulnerabilities if not changed promptly.
- Easily exploited by malicious actors if left unchanged.
- Can lead to compliance violations (e.g., PCI DSS, HIPAA) if default passwords are used in production environments.

Conclusion

The Unisphere remote default password is a crucial aspect of storage management security that demands immediate attention when deploying Dell EMC storage solutions. While default credentials serve their purpose during initial setup, they become a significant vulnerability if retained in production environments. Administrators must prioritize changing default passwords, implementing strong password policies, securing remote access channels, and regularly auditing security configurations. By adhering to these best practices, organizations can mitigate risks, protect sensitive data, and ensure their storage infrastructure remains resilient against cyber threats.

Understanding the importance of managing default passwords effectively is not just a security best practice but a necessity in today's threat landscape. Properly securing Unisphere remote access ensures operational continuity and preserves the integrity and confidentiality of organizational data assets.

QuestionAnswer What is the default password for Unisphere Remote? Unisphere Remote typically uses a default password of 'password' or 'admin' for initial setup, but it is highly recommended to change these defaults immediately after installation for security reasons. How can I reset the default password on Unisphere Remote? To reset the password, you need to access the Unisphere Remote management interface, navigate to the user settings, and select the option to change or reset the password. If you?ve lost access, consult the device?s manual or contact support for recovery procedures. Is the default password for Unisphere Remote secure enough for production environments? No, default passwords are widely known and pose security risks. Always change the default password immediately after deployment to ensure your system remains secure. Where can I find the default login credentials for Unisphere Remote? Default credentials are typically documented in the product's user manual or quick start guide. For Unisphere Remote, common defaults are username 'admin' with password 'password' or similar, but always verify with official documentation. What security best practices should I follow regarding Unisphere Remote passwords? Always change default passwords upon setup, use strong and unique passwords, enable multi-factor authentication if available, and regularly update credentials to protect your storage environment.

Related keywords: unisphere default password, unisphere remote login, unisphere password reset, unisphere default credentials, unisphere admin password, unisphere remote access, unisphere default username, unisphere password change, unisphere remote management, unisphere default login

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